





# Look To Your Furs

THEN READ THIS:

Special low prices made on all classes of Fur alterations during the next two months while our furriers are not so busy. Furthermore, all garments left now for alteration will be stored free of charge.

## HOWARD & HAYNIE. WAS RANK

### THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

NOTE.—The quotations below are for produce in the hands of dealers in the open market; in filling orders, care is taken to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred in shipping over jobbing prices will not be charged.

#### BUTTER.

Creameries separators, extra..... 15 65  
Dairies, fancy, special make..... 15 65  
Dairies, choice..... 13 65  
Butter, choice, and sweet..... 13 65  
Butter, fancy..... 13 65  
Packing stock..... 5 65

#### CHEESE.

New York, October..... 8 00  
Wisconsin and Minnesota, new..... 8 00  
Wisconsin and Minnesota, Octo-  
ber..... 8 00  
Full cream, Young America..... 5 65  
Full cream, second grade..... 5 65  
Swiss, full cream..... 5 65  
Limburger, full cream, choice..... 9 65  
Brick, No. 1..... 10 65  
Primrose..... 4 65

#### EGGS.

Candied stock, strictly fresh..... 11 00

#### HONEY.

Fancy white clover..... 14 65

#### LEAVES AND PEAS.

Fancy new peas, 2 lbs. 25¢

Medium, hand picked, per lb..... 2 15

Dirty, per lb..... 1 25

Brown peas, fancy..... 1 15

Yellow pea, per lb..... 1 00

#### POTATOES.

Potatoes, Minnesota..... 6 75

Cabbages, California per 100 lbs. 3 50

Onions, per bushel..... 3 25

Carrots, per bushel..... 3 25

Parsnips, per bushel..... 3 25

Turnips, per bushel..... 3 25

Onions, per bushel..... 3 25

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**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH**

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**HERALD'S CIRCULATION,**  
**17,148**  
**HIGH-WATER MARK.**

**THE WEATHER.**

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather forecast for Duluth, Minn.—Showers have been general during the past twenty-four hours in the West and north, the section of the state in which the portion of the state of North Dakota. Especially heavy rainfalls are reported at the following stations: Pierre, 14 inches; Denver, 1.29; Dodge City, 1.20; LaCrosse, 1.10; Green Bay, 1.00; Sioux City, 0.90; and at all stations in Nebraska, South Dakota and the southern half of North Dakota. The rain has been general with clear weather in the southern part of the lake region and in the Ohio valley and the upper Mississippi valley. The temperature is below normal in all districts.

Water in "Soo" canal at 8 a. m. today, 11 feet. Forecast: The water will remain stationary during the next twenty-four hours.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 59 degrees. Sunday, 58 degrees. Yesterday, 59 degrees. Forecast: forty-eight hours ending at 7 a. m. today, 59 degrees.

JAMES KENEALLY,  
Local Forecaster, Official.

Chicago, June 3.—Forecast until 5 a. m. tomorrow. Widespread Thunder showers, except fair and sunny weather in west portion tonight. Tuesday thunder showers and cooler. South winds, strong, from the west. Wednesday thunder showers and cooler tonight. Thursday: winds becoming northwest. Friday: winds becoming northwest. Saturday: winds becoming northwest. The temperature is that it will remain stationary during the next twenty-four hours in the upper lakes light southerly winds probably shifting to northwest, with

Since Saturday morning a general fall of rain has occurred in Minnesota, the Dakotas, Nebraska, Kansas, the Indian territory and moderate showers in Missouri, Iowa and Lower Michigan. The temperature is about 10 degrees cooler in the state of Minnesota, the Red mountains and a low pressure area now resting over these states seems likely to drift into the Mississippi valley on Tuesday, carrying with it thunder showers and cooler weather.

**CAUSE OF THE PANIC OF 1857.** In its recent editorial scoring Congressman Towne for being an outspoken advocate of bimetallism, the Pioneer Press declared that the panic of 1857 was caused by the menace of free coinage of silver. That is a novel proposition, and coming from such a paper merits consideration. The panic commenced in May, 1857, after Cleveland had been president more than two months. Congress was not in session and would not convene, unless called in extra session by the president until December. Mr. Cleveland expressed his hostility to silver as far back as the winter of 1854-5, before he was first inaugurated. On every occasion since that time he had shown an uncompromising hostility to silver. When, in April, 1852, Secretary Carlisle proposed to redeem the silver certificates in silver, Cleveland countermanded the order and publicly announced that only gold would be used for redemption purposes or to pay obligations which it was discreditable to the government with the public. The annual report of the Chicago board of trade for the year 1854 shows that during the year 823 American vessels of 5,177,295 tons engaged in the coastwise trade, and 47 vessels of 7,592 tons engaged in the foreign trade of the Chicago district, while 517 American vessels of 5,108,753 tons and 1,006 foreign vessels of 1,558,282 tons, while 208 American of 156,122 tons and 1668 foreign vessels of 1,310,962 tons, or a total of 1,467,084 tons cleared from that port, making the total tonnage of clearances and arrivals during the year 20,266,724 tons.

The Herald has received the first number of the Record, a monthly magazine published at Fargo by Col. C. A. Lomberry. It is a handsome publication of forty pages, beautifully printed and liberally illustrated, and its contents are very interesting. It contains an excellent portrait and a sketch of the career of ex-Governor A. H. Burke, now of Duluth.

The News Tribune makes the ridiculous claim that the law of 1857 which demonetized silver was fully discussed before its passage by congress, and that its effect was fully understood by everyone. Everyone knows that the contrary is true, and that few people knew that the bill would demonetize silver.

There is no doubt that Tom Reed will attend the Republican national convention with a solid New England delegation behind him, or a total of 70 votes. And it is not unlikely that the Minnesota delegation will also be sold for the brainy man from Maine.

A tilted Englishman has been stopped by the immigration authorities at New York, because he has no visible means of support. Probably some Gothenburg address will promptly offer to support him.

Although Mr. Byrnes is no longer superintendent of New York's police department, he will no doubt continue to write dime novels with thrilling detective stories.

**THE INDEMNITY.**

One time to pass an idle hour,  
Against my lady fair,  
For her invasion of my heart,  
A war I did declare.

She proved it and said, "Remember, sir,  
Your heart is now possessed,  
And I demand redress."

I feitly aware of my misery sought,  
To have a man to be my bower,  
I pledged a thousand thousand more,  
And fifty kisses gave.

C. G. B. in Chicago Recd.

**THE BEST ADVERTISING.**

G. C. Holmes: A liberal space in every day, the best advertising on earth.

**A LARGE ORDER.**

Ram's Horn: It will keep any man on the dead run who tries to get rich and famous and be ridiculous all at once.

**WHY NOT HIRE A VAN?**

Although the big, fat, bald, bald morning sent invitations to two girls to go riding with him tomorrow in a single buggy. He is very much worried, and is praying for rain.

**FUNNY LITERARY EVENT.**

Chicago Tribune: W. W. Denslow in the Grand Funk (Dakota) Herald that one of the attractions at a recent church social was a "dramatic reading from the Marne Funn by Nathaniel Hawkins. We do not recall any literary event that was funnier than that.

That was the cause of the great panic of 1857? The Pioneer Press and other Republican papers maintained at that time that the principal cause was the threat of the Democratic party to reverse the tariff policy of the government, which had existed uninterrupted for a full generation. The threat to lower the duties on imports with a view of stimulating imports from countries where, by reason of low wages, goods and merchandise can be produced and sold at lower prices than they can be produced in this country, with our high standard of wages, undoubtedly caused merchants and manufacturers to wait and see the effect of such a policy on trade. That caused a general stagnation in business. But the money panic was different. A mere depression in business could not, and did not, cause the frenzied fear of depositors throughout the country, who rushed to the banks demanding their money.

That was what caused the wreck and ruin of hundreds of banks which, in ordinary times, were perfectly solvent. This unreasoning fear on the part of depositors was the growth of months of agitation on the part of financial journals, inspired by Wall street influences, and the clamors of just such papers as the Pioneer Press, the Chicago Tribune and New York Evening Post and other rancor gold standard papers. They claimed that the reason gold was going to Europe and the gold reserve was being pulled down was that foreign interests were afraid this country could not keep its money good, and that unless the Sherman law was repealed the government could not maintain specie payments. Eighteen-ninety-three is not so far away but that every one can remember this, and with what

persistence that feeling was worked up and how general the opinion became that the Sherman law would ruin the country unless it was speedily repealed. People were much agitated and alarmed over the general depression in business, the exports of gold, coupled with these hysterical appeals to the financial journals and gold bug papers. But when the gold reserve in the treasury went below the \$10,000,000 mark these people threw up their hands in despair, and, judging from their editorials, were naturally thought that the Sherman law would bring disaster to the country and its financial institutions. Then it was that the people seized the people and soon became general. Even business men withdrew their money from the banks and stored it away in safety vaults.

When people look back at those times and see how these financial and gold standard papers exaggerated the effects of the Sherman law and how false many of their representations were, they are not so much inclined to heed their frantic appeals now. The Sherman act was a mere make-shift and was brought forth by Senator Sherman to switch off an attempt at free coinage, and its repeal was amply justified by the existing conditions. But that it was the sole cause of gold exports and was a menace to our credit abroad was unscrupulously false. In August, 1852, when this clamor was at its height, more than \$10,000,000 of gold came back to this country—more than was received in any one month in our history. That the Sherman law was not the cause of gold exports has been proved by the fact that since its repeal gold has kept going out from us and the gold reserve in the treasury has gone down to the lowest figure on record. These gold bug papers ought to learn that the people are thinking for themselves and do not believe half the stuff they try to feed them.

**COMMERCE OF THE LAKES.** The Marine Review says: "It would be well for lake newspapers to adopt the decisions of the United States board on geographical names relative to the spelling of the names of islands, cities and towns on the lakes." Possible the lake newspapers would do so, if this wonderful board exercised ordinary common sense in adopting the spelling of names. For instance, take the Mesabi range. The board's spelling is Mesabi, but the people of the range and all the newspapers in this section have always spelled it Mesabi and will continue to do so.

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HERALD'S CIRCULATION,  
**17,148**  
HIGH-WATER MARK.

## THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Wednesday, June 4.—The Bureau of Agriculture, which is a bureau of low pressure, has moved northward to Lake Superior since yesterday morning, and is centered over the Great Lakes. The pressure is high, with heavy showers in the Dakotas and Western Minnesota, and is moving westward, with a minimum pressure in the Lower Missouri valley. The temperature continues generally high throughout the country, with a maximum in the Ohio valley, and has fallen decidedly in the Upper Mississippi valley.

Temperature at Duluth, 70° at 8 a. m. today; 44° feet. Forecast: The water will rise in the next twenty-four hours. Daily maximum, 70°; minimum, 47°; today, maximum yesterday, 69°; minimum, 47°; rainfall, 12 inches.

Local forecast for Duluth, West Superior and vicinity, today and Wednesday: Showers, with a high pressure, falling. Weather brisk to high westerly winds.

THOMAS KENEY,  
Local Weather Forecaster.

Chicago, Ill., June 4.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Thunder showers in the afternoon, and again in the evening; cooler, with fresh southwest winds, shifting to northwest, with a high pressure, falling. Wednesday: fair, slightly warmer; north-west winds. Lakes: Thunder showers, cooler, and occasional shore gales. Depth of water over miles still in St. Louis canal.

A light pressure area is central over Lake Superior. Cool tonight and to-morrow.

## THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

A Washington dispatch to the Chicago Herald says there is a rumor that President Cleveland is considering the appointment of Mr. Gresham's successor. It is known to some members of the cabinet that President Cleveland wishes to make an appointment that would be wholly satisfactory to the friends of Judge Gresham. It is argued, therefore, that no more fitting selection could be made than that of Mr. Stone, who was one of the late secretary's warm friends. Of course this is only a sentimental reason for Mr. Stone's appointment, and as a rule sentiment does not go very far with Mr. Cleveland.

There are more practical arguments in Mr. Stone's favor, says the Washington dispatch. His reputation as a man of remarkable executive ability, as one who has been unusually successful in every task undertaken by him, no matter how difficult, has extended far beyond the limits of the city in which he has so long lived, and is quite familiar to President Cleveland. During the first Cleveland administration Mr. Stone was editor of the Daily News in Chicago, and in that role proved himself to be one of the president's staunchest friends and companions. More than that, he was in a sense the personal representative of the president in Chicago, and his advice concerning appointments was taken more often at the White House, perhaps, than that of any other man. The president had not only the most implicit confidence in Mr. Stone's judgment, but in his self-effacement and his patriotism.

It is also a fact, which is not stated in the Washington dispatch and which is probably not known to many people, that during his first term as president Mr. Cleveland offered to Mr. Stone the important diplomatic post of minister to France. Mr. Stone respectfully declined the appointment. It would not be very surprising, therefore, if President Cleveland should select him as the next secretary of state, and it is not probable that Mr. Stone would refuse such a high honor. That he would fill the important office with ability and distinction is a certainty.

The belief of many who know Mr. Stone is that he is a man of his word, and is as good as his word.

Mr. Stone is acquainted with his career.

Mr. Stone has never been a strong party man, although he is a Democrat, but has always been independent and ready to oppose any candidate of the Democracy whom he considered unfit or any doctrines of the party which he regarded as unsound. His convictions are strong and he is bold and frank in expressing them. This is a quality which President Cleveland likes and which he particularly admired in the case of the late Secretary Gresham.

The objection may be raised that Mr. Stone is not a lawyer and that precedent requires that the secretary of state should be a lawyer of great experience and profound learning. But precedent does not cut much figure with Mr. Cleveland. His selection of Mr. Gresham for secretary of state—a man who had been a lifelong Republican and had just flopped to the Democracy—over the heads of scores of prominent Democrats of long standing who were fitted for the office—is an instance of his contempt for precedent. Another instance was afforded by his selection of a comptroller of the currency. Precedent required that the comptroller should be a banker or a man well versed in banking methods. Instead of following this custom, Presi-

dent Cleveland chose Mr. Eckels, a young lawyer, of Ottawa, Ill., for comptroller and he made no mistake in selecting him. Hence it is not probable that President Cleveland, in selecting a secretary of state, will pay much attention to precedent, if it interferes with his selection of a man like Mr. Stone whom he admires greatly. It will not be surprising, therefore, if Mr. Stone should be appointed to be head of the state department, and the Herd feels assured that if this should be the case the position will be ably filled.

## TURN IN THE TIDE.

The last number of Bradstreet's contains a special article of a special investigation at twenty-five cities east of the Rocky mountains as to the increase in the number of industrial employees within the past two months, and some bearing on their increased earnings. Advice from Boston and other leading manufacturing centers in Massachusetts, in New Hampshire, Vermont and Maine; from Providence and Bristol, New Haven and Hartford, in New England; from New York city, Albany, Syracuse, Utica, Rochester, Binghamton, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Allentown, Philadelphia and other important Pennsylvania manufacturing centers, as well as from Paterson and Newark, in New Jersey, and from Baltimore, covering the heart of the manufacturing section of the country, make the striking showing that more than eighty important industrial undertakings which had been idle have started up since April 1, giving employment to 30,000 operatives and workmen. Some of these have already enjoyed advances in wages, voluntarily offered in most instances.

Reports show that at the points covered no fewer than 140,000 industrial employees are receiving higher wages than they were getting two months ago, an average improvement of nearly 10 per cent. During the like period last 31,000 industrial employees in the region specified had struck for any reason, and in this total only 21,000 for higher wages. Here, then, is an exhibit of an advance of wages of 140,000 industrial employees, of whom only one-seventh had to or did strike to secure the advance. The 10,000 who struck for other reasons than to secure higher wages took such action in almost all instances to enforce special rules of trades unions.

The manufacturing district of next importance is that covered by advice from Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, Springfield, Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Indianapolis, Evansville, Terre Haute, Louisville, Chicago, Peoria, Quincy, St. Louis, St. Joseph, Denver and neighboring cities, which report nearly ninety important manufacturing establishments have started their wheels, forges or other machinery since April 1, giving employment to 21,000 employees. But in the region covered fully 28,000 operatives have had their wages advanced about 10 per cent during the period under discussion. The total number striking them for all causes within sixty days is given as only 5000, of whom only 4000 struck for higher wages, singularly enough, only a little more than one-seventh of the total number thereof to which higher wages have recently been paid. The South and Southwest, as represented by a score of leading cities, report nearly fifty important industrial establishments as having started up, giving work to fully 2400 employees. But no advances of wages or strikes are reported there.

Summarizing results, it is found that no fewer than 227 of the more important industrial establishments throughout the country have lighted their fires within the past eight weeks and furnished work to more than 53,000 employees. But entirely aside from this is the showing that the wages of fully 178,000 industrial employees have been advanced since April 1.

"But," says Bradstreet's, "the full significance of this statement is only rendered possible when it is shown that within the last two months only 36,000 operatives have been involved by new strikes and that of them only 25,000 struck for higher wages. The strength and extent of the voluntary increase of wages of industrial employees is indeed a most encouraging exhibition of the force of the underlying conditions of improvement of general trade throughout the country."

## THE TREATING CUSTOM.

There is no doubt that the habit of "treating" is much abused and is the cause of considerable intemperance in drinking. Men get in a crowd of friends in a saloon and drink, whether their friends "set 'em up," not because they want to drink, but because their friends are treating and might consider them unsociable if they refused to drink.

The result is that many men become intemperate simply because of their desire to "get felles." These same men, if treated were not the fashion, would not remain perfectly sober, because they would drink only what they wanted without reference to the number in whom company they were. In Germany, where each man pays for what he drinks and treating is unusual, there is comparatively little drunkenness.

But while the treating custom is a positive nuisance and the cause of much evil, the attempt of some people in Michigan to stop it by legislative enactment was a mistake. The Michigan legislature at its recent session nearly passed a bill to make it unlawful for one person to "treat" another to any spirituous, malt, vinous or fermented liquor at any bar room, saloon or club room or any place where it is kept for sale. The penalty was to be a fine of \$5 to \$25 or imprisonment in the county jail. The senate, however, refused to pass it, and the anti-treat law fell through.

The senate very properly decided that, while treating is a real evil, the enforcement of such a law that would invade the domain of a man's rights would be an impossibility. It is very doubtful if a single conviction could have been obtained for violation of such a law interfering with a man's

personal liberty, and it would have been absurd to encumber the statute books with it. The custom of treating can be abolished to a large extent by men agreeing to abolish it, but not by the passage of any prohibitory law.

## BIASED REPORTS.

There has been considerable comment on the very unfair and one-sided reports of the McKinley suit against the Rockefellers given by the News Tribune. There has been a manifest attempt throughout all the reports to make prominent any evidence in favor of the defendant corporation and to belittle evidence in behalf of the plaintiffs. A striking instance of this bias was shown in the report in this morning's issue when not a single word of the evidence given by the witnesses in rebuttal was published, although some of the evidence was of a most important character and completely refuted statements made on the other side.

The Herald has endeavored to present correct and unbiased reports of the case, because it considers that is the duty of every reliable newspaper. But probably this is too much to expect from the News Tribune, which published an editorial plea on behalf of the Rockefellers before the trial was begun and while the federal court jurors were in the city.

The New York World yesterday published the opinions of a large number of senators and congressmen on finance. Three of the Minnesota representatives replied to the World's queries. Tawney favors bimetallism, Kiefer favors international agreement, and Eddy favors gold and silver when the metal value of each can be agreed on so both shall be equal. Eddy is against a single gold standard; also opposes free silver coinage at 16 to 1 by the United States alone. Congressman Johnson of North Dakota, and Congressman Pickler of South Dakota, favor free coinage of gold and silver. Senator Hansbrough thinks money and Germany stand ready to unite in a monetary conference. He would not invite England. Senator Kiefer is for free coinage.

It has been discovered that when Emperor William, at the Baltic sea canal festivities, mounts the deck of the French flagship Hoche, it will be incumbent on her commander to hoist the German imperial standard bearing the fateful "1870." Consequently it is not surprising to learn that the French admiralty has found out that some of the warships have been near cholera-infected ports, and measures to withdraw the entire French fleet from the North sea are now under discussion at Paris.

A sensation is said to have been created at a meeting of Memphis grocers by some one declaring that President Cleveland ought to be elected for life. Whereat there were cheers which shook the walls of the building and reached to the streets beyond. Further assurance is given that "he seems to be an impressive one." It is to be feared that the Memphis grocers had been indulging in too much refreshments or that the French admiralty has a peculiar effect.

DENNY EXPLAINS.—The object of my visit to this interesting soil is to have my physiognomy immortalized and to have my name and address recorded. And although I see mentioned for the first time I need not tell you that I'm not a candidate.

Thought to meet the comrades who were loyal twice before who I am indeed I think they love me with the

Though I smile and bow and overflow with unctuous innuendo.

Yet I have no time to have myself that I am a candidate!

Thought to have with Steve Jenkins and with the others have a chat.

Though I say nice things to Chaucer and could well Tommy Platt;

You may see from Morton Catts an accident of fate!

Though I coldly shoo Tom Carter—still I'm not a candidate!

New York Sun.

Princess dress of garnet crepon, with oil and shoulder pads of ermine. Spanish empire lace. Sewed on and half yards of lace, thirty-two inches wide.

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**HERALD'S CIRCULATION,**  
**17,148**  
**HIGH-WATER MARK.**

**THE WEATHER.**

U. S. Agricultural Department, Wash-  
ington, D. C., report Duluth, Minn., as  
follows: The rainfall reports this morning in-  
dicate that showers throughout Ohio,  
Michigan, Indiana, and the western and  
eastern portions of Tennessee and Indi-  
ana, have been general, and from light  
to moderate. The water in the lakes  
is about the same as yesterday. The water  
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ver, and that the agitation of the silver  
question here will scare off foreign in-  
vestors and produce another panic or  
something worse. The fact that the  
president of the British bimetallic  
league is a director of the Bank of  
England—an institution that is viewed  
by our gold idolators as the embodiment  
of financial wisdom—is convincing  
proof that the movement here in  
favor of the use of both gold and silver  
as money cannot have any evil effects,  
so far as the driving away of foreign  
capital is concerned.

**BIMETALLISM ABROAD.**

The gold standard organs in this  
country make but little reference to  
the growth of bimetallism in other  
countries, yet it is a fact that in Ger-  
many, in France, and in England the  
bimetallic sentiment is increasing with  
a rapidity that is astonishing and it is  
even claimed that the feeling in Eng-  
land in favor of bimetallism is stronger  
than it is in this country. Hon. W. C.  
Whitney, who is a successful financier  
and a keen observer, has just returned  
from a visit to England where he had  
good opportunities for studying the  
popular feeling on the financial question.  
The gold standard organs will  
hardly charge Mr. Whitney as "un-  
sound" on the money issue, and they  
will find it very difficult to say any-  
thing in reply to the statements which  
he has made since his return from the  
other side of the ocean. In an interview  
in New York, Mr. Whitney said:  
"I believe from what I saw and heard  
that the feeling in favor of bimetallism  
is stronger in Great Britain than it is  
in the United States. The students  
of political economy favor it. The  
boards of trade in the large manufac-  
turing centers like Birmingham and  
Sheffield have taken a firm stand in  
favor of a bimetallic standard. Even  
among the conservative statesmen may  
be found its champions, notably among  
whom is A. J. Balfour. In fact, the  
only opposition to bimetallism in Great  
Britain proceeds from the same source  
that it does in this country, from the  
men who stand in the same relation  
to trade as do the men in Wall street. The  
other countries of Europe are looking  
to England to take the initiative in this  
matter and they believe that within  
five years at all events England will  
be calling for an international mon-  
etary conference. Let us for the moment  
forget the difficulties of establishing  
a bimetallic standard of money."

A recent London dispatch says that  
the English bimetallic league is press-  
ing its crusade with great vigor, and  
has a very imposing list of members  
both in numbers and business and po-  
litical prominence. Its president is  
Henry Gibbs, a director of the Bank of  
England. As its chairman of the gen-  
eral council it has H. R. Grenfell, Mr.  
McNellie, the secretary, says that Mr.  
Liddell, the famous ex-governor of  
the bank, is a member. Besides Arthur  
Balfour, it numbers many prominent  
politicians and influential peers, in-  
cluding the dukes of Aberdeen, Fife and  
Beaufort, Jacob Bright, Sir Leopold Grif-  
fin, Henniker, Lord Rawdon, Disraeli's former  
adjudicator, as well as the young Disraeli. Sir Henry James,  
attorney general in Salisbury's cabinet,  
and Henry Chapel, a member of the same  
cabinet; Knatchbull Hugesson and  
many other members of parliament.

**PUBLIC LIBRARIES.**

The monthly report of the Duluth  
public library shows that nearly 2,500  
books were circulated during May,  
which was about 1,000 less than during  
April, owing to the warm weather.  
These figures should be very gratifying  
to every person who takes an interest  
in the library, because they furnish  
conclusive evidence that the library  
is fully appreciated by the people of  
Duluth and they are availing  
themselves of the benefit which it  
offers. The showing, in comparison  
with the large cities, is very creditable  
to Duluth. In St. Paul the total  
number of books circulated during May was  
about 14,500, yet St. Paul claims a  
population four times greater than that  
of Duluth.

A Dakota woman in suing for divorce  
because her husband, during courtship,  
claimed that he was a college graduate,  
and that his principal delight was to

practical achievement, and can be at-  
tained if its friends all over the world  
will but follow the good maxim, "a  
long pull, a strong pull, and a pull all  
together."

The Berlin correspondent of the Chi-  
cago Record writes that the growth of  
bimetallism in Germany has been a  
curious spectacle. It took its rise, of  
course, in the intensely agricultural  
districts, especially in the Eastern  
provinces of Prussia, for right or wrong,  
the farmers and owners of large estates  
attribute the undearable agricultural  
depression in large measure to the gold  
standard adopted by Germany soon  
after the Franco-German war, which  
brought an influx of French gold into  
Germany, and caused the gold standard  
to be adopted.

The agitation in favor of bimetallism,  
and the center, too, is siling the same  
way, there seems small doubt at this  
writing that Germany will take the  
lead in calling an international mon-  
etary conference, hoping for the support  
of the United States and France in  
bringing enough pressure to bear upon  
Great Britain to induce that chief gold  
power to join in an international agreement  
as to the remonetization of silver.

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no sentiment abroad in favor of sil-  
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## PATTON

His Installation as Pastor of Pilgrim Church Completed Last Night.

Excellent Sermon on Indifference by Dr. Wells, of Minneapolis.

Addresses to the Pastor and the People and Other Exercises.

The ceremony of installing Rev. C. H. Patton as pastor of Pilgrim Congregational church was performed last evening at the church in the presence of an audience which fairly well filled the auditorium. The service opened with the organ prelude by Rev. Drake, Buck's "Triumphant March" being played. Rev. Empson Clegg, of Wadena, the presiding elder of the council, read the minutes of the afternoon meeting. The invocation was offered by Rev. W. W. Newell of Morley Congregational church and after the singing of a hymn by the congregation Rev. Joseph Kimball of Hope church, of West Superior, read from the Scriptures. The choir then sang "Dulley Buck's 'Benedic Anima.'

The installation service was preached by Rev. George H. Wells, D.D., of Minneapolis, was a forceful and eloquent effort delivered in a clear and ringing style. His text was Matt. xxv., 29. "For unto every one that hath shall be given, and he that hath not in abundance; but from him that hath not shall be taken away even that which he hath."

He dwelt upon the danger of indifference. It may seem that for a man to do nothing with the talents with which he has, better to do nothing, so bad as to do them for evil but that is not always so. A man doing evil may sometime be stung by conscience and return to the path of virtue and right conduct at the last moment and convinces himself that he is modest and a spirit of self-complacency comes over him. He haters himself, his humility, his lack of ability, his men who have the ability and yet do nothing in this great battle between God and Satan are the ones who bury their talents in a napkin and bury them while he himself is still alive.

USE THE HIDDEN TALENTS.

He told how France was threatened with invasion and could find no means to save her enormous wealth to Germany until finally the people were appealed to. Then to the astonishment of the world, throughout the entire sum was raised. It would have been the banks to have given it but the money which poured in was that which had been hidden away by the people. What was hidden? France became prosperous at once and immediately recovered from the great drain of war. It is the type of what Christ's people might do if they would bring forth their talents and use them. It is not new strength which the church needs so much as the talents of talents already existing. The Preacher is not how to get new talents but how to use the old ones. The church needs awakening of the powers and activities she now possesses.

It is often seen, he continued, that the talent a man possesses and fails to use are taken from him and given to someone else. It is a sin and a rightoness law. A gradual decay of unused powers is also sure to come. How many cripples has not the church who might have been strong and powerful and abiding in the great work.

Think of a man eating only one meal a week and yet how many of you not find it necessary to only one meal of gospel truth a week. It is a sin and a rightoness thing to the church rather than indifference. "The application to the people of this world at this time, when a new pastor is being installed, is plain. This new talent is entrusted to your care, and to you I shall simply repeat the text: 'For unto every one that hath shall be given, and he that hath not in abundance; but from him that hath not shall be taken away even that which he hath.'

Rev. T. Merrill Edmunds, of Plymouth church in West Superior, offered the prayer of installation. Miss Rebecca McKenzie sang "He Shall Lead His Flock." The organ was played by Mr. F. C. Cook.

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

Rev. T. Merrill Edmunds, of Plymouth church, extended the right hand of fellowship to all the people in the pews. His words were somewhat humorous at times. He welcomed Rev. Mr. Patton to the northern conference and spoke of the great strides he would have, being the pastor of the largest church in the conference.

Rev. George H. Wells, D.D., of the First Congregational church, in Minneapolis, addressed the people. He spoke pleasantly and was heard with interest. He asked the people to deal with this new pastor as they had with their other, and to trust, aid and love him.

## MORE GOOD NEWS

For All Women Who Are Sick.  
ESPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.

"I am happy to say your Vegetable Compound has cured me of painful menstruation and backache.



"My suffering every month was dreadful. The doctor gave me morphine to ease the pain, but nothing to cure me; and I was obliged to spend two or three days in bed. Now I have no pain at all. I have not had a period for longer than I have for years. I cannot praise your medicine enough. I am glad to tell every one that I was cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. NEWTON COPE, Manchester, Ohio. All druggists sell it.

as they had the other. He reminded the court that Mr. Patton was with the other in mind in his speech and did not want to do too much. "Don't let him kill himself the first year he is here." "Then comes the court with you with a gavel, a gavel and a gavel. See that he does not lose it by being with you." He told the congregation to get all they could out of him, but use him well, not to be afraid to speak up to him, but in giving him good fellowship and cheer.

After a hymn Rev. Mr. Patton, the installed pastor, pronounced the benediction. In conclusion the organist played Heintz's "March in E."

## OUT OF THE SERVICE.

National Guard Men Who Are Dishonorably Discharged.

The number of dishonorably discharged this month's report of Adj't Gen. Marshall has been declared one not at all commendable to the state guards. The report is as follows:

Commissioned—Second Infantry, G. S. Whitney, major.

Third Infantry—Colonel L. W. Williams, first lieutenant and adjutant; Charles I. Cook, first lieutenant and quartermaster; Charles A. Van Duzee, major.

Resigned—First Infantry, S. H. Voss, major.

Second Infantry, George M. Gage, second lieutenant; Company D, Second Infantry, R. A. Everett, second lieutenant.

Third Infantry—Dishonorably discharged for non-attendance of drill.

Dishonorably discharged for non-attendance of drill. First Infantry, William C. Marion, private Company I; William Dahlberg, private Company G; Charles O. Pitcher, musician Company G.

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5 O'CLOCK  
EDITION.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA  
HISTORICAL  
SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK  
EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1895.

THREE CENTS

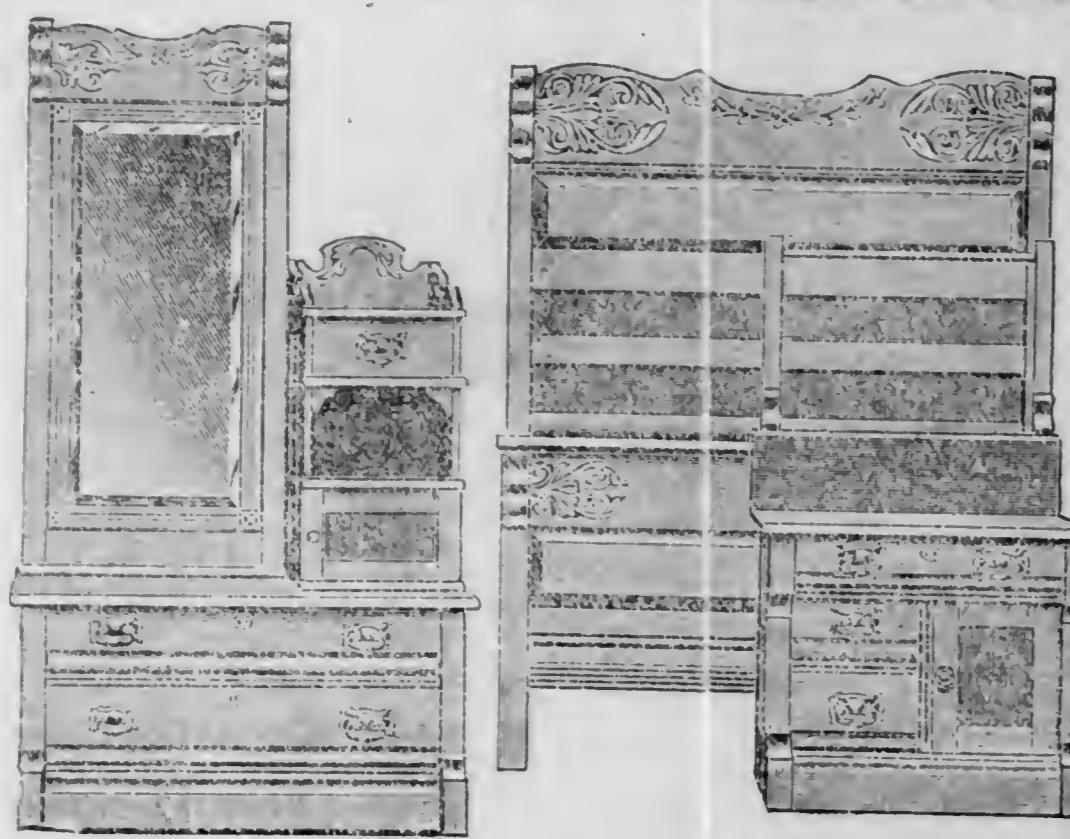
## 2 FROM ONE HUNDRED

These suites are but two from over one hundred different styles shown on our floors. You can have just what you want at just the price you wish to pay. All styles and woods—Ash, Oak, Birch, Cherry, Maple, Enamel and Mahogany—at \$10, \$12.50, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$25, \$26 up to \$200.



A cheaply, but strongly made hardwood Suite—Bedside, Dresser and Wash stand, not much to brag of, but come and see it.

**\$10.00**



A Good Comfortable Long Glass Suite, hardwood, three pieces, usually sold by ordinary dealers for \$15 and \$18.

**\$12.50**

Come and See the Other 98 Styles.

**French & Bassett,**

First street  
and Third avenue  
west.

## Magazines for June--

All the new novels in paper received soon as issued at

**Chamberlain & Taylor's**

BOOKSTORE,  
333 West Superior Street.



No Brass Bands,  
No Side Shows  
Go with each sack of  
**Primus.**

But a guarantee that it will make more and better bread than any other flour. Your grocer will tell you it leads all others.

GET A SACK.

**T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.**

## Top Goods.

**STUDEBAKER**



WAGONS. CARRIAGES. HARNESS.  
WAGONS. CARRIAGES. HARNESS.  
WAGONS. CARRIAGES. HARNESS.  
WAGONS. CARRIAGES. HARNESS.  
WAGONS. CARRIAGES. HARNESS.

## BOTTOM PRICES.

**M. W. TURNER, Duluth Agent,**  
416-418 East Superior Street.

## WEDDING

Two of America's Richest  
Families United in Wed-  
lock Today.

James Abercrombie Burden  
and Florence Adele  
Sloane, Married.

A Nuptial Ceremony Which  
Was Regal in Its  
Completion.

Lenox, Mass., June 6.—Two of the richest families of America were united today, when in the beautiful Trinity church James A. Burden, Jr., and Miss Florence Adele Sloane were married. The most elaborate preparations had been made for the event. About 300 guests were under the care of Mr. and Mrs. William Douglas Sloane, who had the honor of being the best man to the bridegroom. The bridegroom's sisters of the class of '93 at Harvard were with the groom, and were the sons of prominent men. Lewis A. and Rufus K. Thomas, George W. and Richard Peleg and Columbus C. Baldwin. The bridesmaids were Misses Emily and Florence Vanderbilt and Miss Beatrice Bond. The maid of honor was Miss Ruth Twombly and Miss Jessie Sloane. Frederick Winthrop was best man.

The bride's dress was trimmed with white and green, the colors of the Porcelain club, the most exclusive organization in Harvard, of which Mr. Burden is a member. The maid of honor was a member of the class of '93 at Harvard with the groom, and were the sons of prominent men. Lewis A. and Rufus K. Thomas, George W. and Richard Peleg and Columbus C. Baldwin. The bridesmaids were Misses Emily and Florence Vanderbilt and Miss Beatrice Bond. The maid of honor was Miss Ruth Twombly and Miss Jessie Sloane. Frederick Winthrop was best man.

The bride's dress was of heavy, lacy, ivory-colored, trimmed with white lace. The bridal veil was of very fine lace, and was fastened to the crown of her head with a bunch of white roses. The service was read by Rev. W. Grover, rector Trinity church, and the blessing was given by Rev. Dr. John Hill, of New York. Directly after the ceremony traps were ready to convey the guests to Elm court, the London country place of Mr. and Mrs. Sloane. Here the bridegroom was served. Among those present was W. K. Vanderbilt, of New York. A dance will be given this evening by Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes. Many well-known guests will attend this affair, and tomorrow they will return to their homes by special train.

The bride is the granddaughter of Mrs. William Vanderbilt and daughter of William D. Sloane. The bridegroom, James Abercrombie Burden, Jr., is a member of the family of Burden, whose fortune originated in the iron works at Troy, N. Y., bearing the name. He is himself a millionaire and has been living in Europe for several seasons.

The reception will be given at the Sloane country place, which comprises 20,000 acres and is considered the most valuable estate in the country. Lenox. For the occasion the preparations have been made a scale of magnificence that the legal limit of \$10,000 is estimated, an expenditure of \$10,000. The Curtis orchestra, one of the largest in this section, was engaged for the exhibition, and the wedding guests for three days. A special train will bring the bridegroom and party from New York to Lenox, and will remain until the wedding is over.

The bride's troupe is said to have cost \$10,000. The presents have been mostly in the form of jewels, and a contribution of \$1,000 has placed the value of the gifts at \$10,000.

Cornelius Vanderbilt has secured the house at Lenox, and James Abercrombie Burden has taken the Sloane cottage. John Sloane, the uncle of Miss Sloane, is entertaining a large party at his Lenox place, called Wyndhurst.

Why is Dr. Price's baking powder like the largest of our lakes? Because it is Superior.

SPAIN MAY SEEK DAMAGES.

London, June 6.—The Standard today contains an intimation to the effect that when the insurrection in Cuba ended Spain will seek damages from the United States for part of the cost of supplies sent to any part of the coast of Cuba during the period of the rebellion. The Standard says: "There is small pretense of concealment upon the part of the United States in this case. The president has openly admitted that the damage is the result of the rebellion, and in denying the application for a pardon, the president says: 'This conviction was liniently treated by the court, and we do not think the representations as to the high character of the accused are sufficient to justify his pardon.'

Madison, Wis., June 6.—Twenty-five thousand Woodmen are in the city today, and the grand camp today, unanimously selected Duhun, Wis., as the place of the meeting for the next head camp two years from now. The visitors, who numbered 1,000, were greatly pleased with the arrangements made by the Woodmen, and their complete success will be only a matter of a few days.

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CUT WORMS IN NEBRASKA.

Detroit, Mich., June 6.—Special to the Bee from New Lenox, Ill., says that the farmers in this vicinity are reporting that portions of their corn fields are being ravaged by cut worms. In some cases, almost the entire crop is taken away. Limited damage is done, but it is thought, however, that this has been largely owing to the prevalence of the past year.

The damage seems to be increasing, and they were instant in their demand that the delay occasioned by one-third of the delegates being in attendance at the meeting be remedied.

The Third district convention adjourned yesterday in a deadlock between D. N. Comings and J. C. Woodford, for railway commissioners. It adjourned to come together again at midnight, no ballot had been taken, and the district deadlock continued and notice was sent for those delegates to be present and to vote.

When the convention adjourned at midnight, no ballot had been taken, and the ten names presented for Lieutenant governor. The long ball of 119 candidates without any nomination continued till afternoon.

The Third district convention for the nomination of railway commissioners adjourned to Rutherford, June 6, and the state convention was fully represented when the changes set in after the second ballot, and William Worthington of Greenback was nominated for lieutenant governor. For state auditor Samuel J. Stone was nominated.

For secretary of state Charles Finley was nominated. George W. Long was nominated for treasurer.

WILL JOIN LIEUT. PEARY.

Kansas City, June 6.—A special from Lawrence, Kan., says a letter from Professor Diele, written on board the Golden Horn of the New Foundland, indicates that he will join the Peary expedition at Hottsteinburg, Greenland, about July 15 and accompany them to Peary's camp as naturalist for the American museum.

SIGNED THE BILL.

Boston, June 6.—The governor has signed the amended bill providing for

the reorganization of the New York & New England railway.

## EIGHT PARDONS.

Various Offenders Set Free by the President.

Washington, June 6.—The president has granted eight pardons today. They are as follows: Walter Evans, convicted in 1893 in the United States court for the eastern district of Texas and sentenced to two years imprisonment; Arthur W. W. Wilbanks, convicted in California for forging United States postal money orders and sentenced to 18 months imprisonment; Thomas Triplett, convicted in Illinois of altering and passing United States notes, pardon granted to restore his citizenship; John Kirk, convicted in Missouri of having failed to register as retail dealer in leaf tobacco; Andy Colbert and Osborn Dunford, each sentenced to two years imprisonment for breaking and entering and stealing, pardoned on account of ill health; Andy Bowen and Penny Frazer, sentenced in Arkansas to eighteen months each for which distilling, profited for like offenses.

The pardons were granted in the case of Stephen Fauset, convicted in Arkansas for murder in Indian territory and sentenced to be hanged, but sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life by President Harrison April 11, 1888. President Cleveland, who in his opinion the prisoner was mercifully treated when his life was spared.

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# KAHTADIN

New Harbor Defense Ram  
Said to be Showing  
Great Speed.

No Official Trials Have Been  
Made by Naval Board  
Yet.

Some Technical Changes  
Which Increase Her  
Speed Greatly.

Washington, June 6.—Naval officers are much encouraged by the reports which come to the navy department of the performances of the Ammen ram Katahdin at Bath, Maine. While no official returns have been received it is known that the builders of the queer craft are making private trials of engines and boilers and machinery generally, and as far as those have proceeded they are not far from the point that the ram will certainly exceed the speed required of her by contract—seventeen knots per hour. They claim that Schulz the inventor of the craft, who has sold his interest in the machine to the Thomson-Houston company, has now agreed that the amount due it and its assignees of the bonded indebtedness is paid by that amount. The bonded debt is \$350,000. The Armouries are greatly pleased and do not want to see the stock wiped out.

The bureau of steam engineering originally recommended a certain style of propeller to meet the needs of the peculiar line of the hull of the boat but held to the wisdom of the contractors who had a design of their own, which they believed would be more effective. The first trial of the constructed machine of this propeller and when the noted English naval constructor, Mr. Byles, the designer of the Parrot and the Parrot's sister ship, the Parrot II, visited the boat recently and was taken on a trial trip on the ram he promptly condemned the propeller and recommended the very type which had been originally used by the engine testing bureau. Longer in the blades by six inches than the one in place, but with narrow blades that would present a greater surface to the water, a propeller of this style will probably be put in place before the official trial, and in connection with the improvements that have been made in the engines, it is believed that the boat will make at least eighteen knots per hour.

Owing to her peculiar model the boat will be hard to get into rough water, such as she encountered on her first trial trip, and besides she was not only carrying much more weight than is required for a trial trip, but was "down by the head" and thus obliged when driven, to plow deeply into the water, which of course is incompatible with the attainment of any great degree of speed. These things would be corrected in the next trial and the builders will doubtless avail themselves of the present opportunity to make the boat as smooth as possible, because she was designed for harbor use alone.

WILL GO TO THE CIRCUITS. Washington, June 6.—It is understood that with the exception of Justice Jackson, all the Justices of the Supreme Court will go to the circuits during the present vacation of the court. Justice Shiras left here before the final adjournment and Justices Field, Harlan, Brewer, and White have gone. Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Harlan, Brewer and White are still in the city.

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hord's Sparassis, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

MONTANA SILVER TRINITY. Butte, Mont., June 6.—At a meeting of the members of the Silver Trinity, Senator Carter, Senator Mante and Congressman Hartmann represent Montana in the Memphis silver conference.



## KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment and right living. The man who lives better than others and enjoys life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellency is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the bark, and the bowel-constituting properties of a perfect laxative, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not want any substitute if offered.

# SCROFULA CURED

Miss Delta Stevens of Boston, Mass., writes: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula. I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians. After taking the bones 5-8-8, S. A. now says, "I am grateful to you, as I feel that it saved me from a severe attack of Scrofula. I am now well, and have no trouble with this painful disease."

Treatment on Blood and Skin  
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC CO.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

## HEAVY FRAUDS.

Armours Protect Their Interests in the Courts.

Tacoma, Wash., June 6.—Joy Armstrong and P. D. Armstrong, a couple in their fifties, came to the federal court on Tuesday, alleging that the late Paul Schulz fraudulently and collusively conspired with the Northwest Thomson-Houston Electric company to transfer 18 stocks and 100 shares of the Thomson-Houston Motor company without receiving full consideration; that for \$1,250,000 of bonds face value and a large block of stock the Street railway company received in money and property only \$800,000.

They claim that Schulz the inventor of the company \$350,000 for the second stock and 100 shares worth \$1,000. On account of these transactions they declare the company has an equitable offset against the Thomson-Houston company, which has agreed that the amount due it and its assignees of the bonded indebtedness is paid by that amount. The bonded debt is \$350,000. The Armouries are greatly pleased and do not want to see the stock wiped out.

## EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

Florence, Italy, Experiences Very Severe Shaking.

Florence, Italy, June 6.—There was a sharp earthquake here early this morning. It aroused almost everybody hastily from their beds, and when it was followed by a succession of other shocks, shook the people from their seats and caused them to run to the streets, where they remained for hours, greatly alarmed. Although it is not believed that any serious damage was done, quite a number of persons are still having recovered from the panic which was followed by the earthquake of May 20, were with difficulty persuaded to return to their homes.

The greatest excitement prevailed shortly after the earthquake shocks this morning, as the families of the hundred thousand persons who had been scattered together gathered their most valuable possessions which they had carried with them in their flight from their homes. Many people prayed, while others seemed too terrified to do anything but rush about and add to the feeling of panic which prevailed. The only persons here in the city who were apparently turned out and the authorities did everything possible to raise the alarm.

So far as known the shocks were only strong enough to shake down movable articles from shelves, sideboards, etc., although there was considerable swaying of houses, particularly certain sections of the city, where the shocks seem to have been more severely felt than in others. The guests of the different hotels seem to have been the least alarmed, as all thought that what was aroused from their beds in the earthquake shocks. The majority of them retained their presence of mind and looked to the safety of their valuables in the city no great panic prevailed among the known.

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PRICES  
BELOW  
ALL  
COM-  
PETITION.  
**SUFFEL & CO.**  
W. Superior St.  
LARGEST  
SHOE  
STORE  
IN THE  
NORTHWEST.

Two Days More "Only" of Our

**Great Opening Shoe Sale...**  
**Prices lower than ever....**

Buy your shoes from a **SHOE STORE**, and not from a **7 by 9** third rate played out shoe department in a curiosity shop. **DEPARTMENT STORE PRICES CUT IN TWAIN**. They feel sorry for the Shoe Stores. "Poor things," their innocent cackle is perfectly harmless and our prices are lower than ever.

**READ. READ.**

Ladies' French Kid, hand turned Button Shoes, dry goods store price \$4.00, our price.....	<b>\$2.98</b>
Ladies' Vici Kid Tan Shoes, department store price \$3.00, our price only.....	<b>\$1.98</b>
Ladies' Dongola Kid, opera toe, button shoes, with patent leather tips, department store price \$1.75, our price.....	<b>89c</b>
Ladies' Gilt Edge Shoes Dressing, department store price 25¢ a bottle, our price.....	<b>15c</b>
Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, dry goods store price \$2.00, our price.....	<b>\$1.98</b>
Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, opera and square toes, department store price \$2.50, our price.....	<b>\$1.75</b>
Ladies' Tan Colored Kid Button or Lace Shoes, department store price \$3.00, our price.....	<b>\$1.98</b>
Ladies' Kid Button Patent Tip Shoes, department store price \$1.50, our price.....	<b>98c</b>
Ladies' Common Sense Button Shoes, department store price \$1.50, our price.....	<b>75c</b>

**LADIES' OXFORD TIES.**

300 pairs ladies fine Oxford Ties, department store price \$3.50, our price only.....	<b>\$1.48</b>
Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords.	
Ladies' white kid trimmed pointed toes, department store price \$1.25, our price.....	<b>\$1.25</b>
Ladies' White Canvas Oxford Ties, department store price \$1.25, our price.....	<b>59c</b>
Ladies' turned Opana Slippers, department store price \$1.00, our price.....	<b>59c</b>

We offer a larger stock and a greater variety of styles of Ladies' Oxford Ties than the combined department and shoe stores of Duluth.

**SUFFEL & CO.**

**CITY BRIEFS.**

Cullen, dentist, Palladio, phone No. 9. Teeth pulled with pain—Dr. Schiffman.

Lincoln Endion cigar, W. A. Foote.

Loans of any size, Little & Nolte.

Best made, Duluth Imperial flour.

In the municipal court this morning Charles and Elmer Lewis, Thomas Bernheim, pleaded guilty to trespassing on the St. Paul & Duluth tracks and were committed on \$5 fines. Turney Turner was sent up on \$50 for stealing rates and for freight rates.

Births reported to the health department today were: Christ, and Anna, Mrs. Ruberg, 73½ Superior Avenue, a son, Mrs. Edward West Brister, 1502 West First street, a daughter; Frank and Marie Elchorn, 42½ East Fourth street, a daughter.

This morning in Judge Edson's court N. J. Bushaw and Matt Haggard pleaded guilty to keeping unlicensed dogs and recent suspensions. The case of C. Macintosh and Hans Olson for the same offense will be heard tomorrow at 2 p. m.

Mr. Forbes will preach in the First Methodist Church this evening.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Charles A. Bronson and L. Modelle Brown, Lansing; J. Brown and Marie Brown, to Charles Handstrom and Evelyn Johnson.

Mrs. Elizabeth E. White, aged 15 years, died in Pasadena, Cal., May 27.

Mrs. White, a widow, died in Duluth about two years ago, and she is well known in Duluth. She left more than two years ago, and has since lived in Pasadena.

A most bewitching spectacle is the display of the Azap Aleon collection of oriental rugs and hangings, to be seen at the Royal Baking Powder and Sunbeam companies, many rare specimens in antique and modern rugs, and in its entirety makes the most magnificently displayed scene in the world. The collection, as will be known by the advertisement in another column, will be sold by auction.

**MONEY  
TO LOAN AT  
6% WITH OUR INVALUABLE  
"ON OR BEFORE" PRIVILEGE,  
WITHOUT THE GOLD CLAUSE  
And Up to Lowest Terms.**

**R. M. NEWPORT & SON,**  
5 Phoenix Bldg., Duluth, Minn.  
W. BARON CHAPIN, Mgr.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT.**

**Guardian of an Insane Man  
Has Brought Suit.**

Before Judge Lewis this morning the case of O. J. Rindal, defendant in the suit against him, was on trial. It is claimed that Peterson took advantage of Rindal's mental condition to induce him to make a bill of sale of his stock of jewelry to Peterson. The defense attorney that he paid \$40 for the sale and that he was induced by stipulation. Henry Morgan against G. L. Lloyd was dismissed.

Judge Ensign was hearing the case of Peter Peterson against G. L. Lloyd, who is accused of a forged check.

Judge Moer took the case of M. J. Tinkam against M. T. Hulett et al, under advisement, and will hear the case of the St. Paul Bank against Beck Svendson and the Wells-Stone Mercantile company to determine the priorities of mortgages.

**PARTNERS, PAPERHANGERS AND DECORATORS, ATTENTION!**

A meeting will be held at 5 p. m. next Saturday evening, First Avenue west and Superior street, Friday, June 7, at 8 p. m. for the purpose of organizing a painters' and decorators' union.

Men who have been in business and have served three years and are competent workers are eligible to membership.

Alfred McCullum, President Federated Trades Assembly.

**TAKEN TO PRISON.**

Yesterday afternoon Julius Rosenkrantz, convicted at this term of court of assault in the first degree, and upon the person of Mrs. Frances Jacobs, was taken to the reformatory at St. Cloud by Deputy Sheriff Hanson and Randal. His trial will be conditioned upon his behavior.

Joe E. O'Connor, who pleaded guilty to a charge of forging, Franklin's endorsement on a check, was taken to Stillwater by Dennis Bates and Dashiell to serve a sentence of four months.

**DRUGGISTS.**

If we never start on a journey without a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure, a sure preventive of bowel complaints occasioned by change of water or climate, 25c. Max Wirth.

# The Bread Contest

The number of competitors for our bread prizes was largely in excess of our calculations, and we were not prepared to take in and make ready for the judges so many loaves of bread.

This is the reason why the doors were closed promptly at one o'clock and no bread received for competition after that time.

Although it had been advertised in the papers that the bread must be at one o'clock, we would not have insisted so strongly on that point if there had not been so many entries. As it was, it was after three o'clock before the names were all entered, the bread numbered and ready for the judges. This materially reduced the time the judges had at their disposal in making their selections of the prize winners, and while we believe they made their awards impartially and as fairly as the limited time would permit, at the same time, if they could have devoted two hours more to their inspection, the result might have been somewhat different. On that account and because a good many were disappointed in not having their bread in on time, we have decided to repeat the contest at an early date.

**Duluth Imperial Mill Co.**

## HERMANN

Oregon's Congressman Much Impressed With Duluth and Harbor.

Is Pleased With Manner in Which Duluth and Superior Co-Operate.

He Thinks the Harbor Appropriations Next Year Will Be Small.

This morning Congressman Blinger Hermann, of Oregon, who is the guest of Hon. Charles A. Towne, was driven over the city and inspected the public buildings. He expressed himself as delighted with the boulevard drive and the view of the harbor from the Hecks. Among his party were Mayor Lewis, A. C. Batchelder, Judge Hale, and Hiriam Hayes. After the drive the distinguished guest returned to the Spalding, and left at 3:35 for Portland, Ore., on the Northern Pacific.

Mr. Hermann arrived in Duluth yesterday morning, accompanied by his wife, daughter and son. He has long been a prominent member of the house committee on rivers and harbors, and will all probability be in charge of that committee in the next session. He visited Duluth at the invitation of Congressman Towne to acquaint himself with the needs of navigation at the head of the lake. His party was spent with a distinguished party on the harbor and the big mills, elevators and docks were thoroughly inspected.

At 3 o'clock last evening Mr. Hermann was here in the Spalding parlor, and Mrs. Hermann, who was introduced by Mayor Lewis, spoke in regard to the resources of Duluth and in favor of the early appropriation of the money for the channel and improving the harbor. A number of prominent citizens of Duluth and Superior were present at the levee.

MR. HERMANN TALKS.

When this morning by a representative of The Herald, Mr. Schifman, inquired whether he had been invited to stay at the hotel Washington I decided to study the needs of lake navigation on my way back to Oregon, and so, on the invitation of your congressman, I took it. The trip to Duluth was a most interesting and instructive one. We have been in the company of Congressmen Towne to acquaint himself with the needs of navigation at the head of the lake. His party was spent with a distinguished party on the harbor and the big mills, elevators and docks were thoroughly inspected.

"During the last ten years a great revolution has taken place in the policy of the government as regards river and harbor appropriations. Prior to 1890 the total sum expended by the government on the intake of the lake was about \$12,000,000. Now the appropriation for a single year will range from \$17,000,000 to \$25,000,000. The Southern states, formerly held in check by the opposition of the Northern states, have now come into their own, and the appropriations can only be made for the benefit of the sea, but John C. Calhoun advanced the theory that the Mississippi river is an arm of the sea, and

there will undoubtedly be large crowds at the ball park at Thirty-first avenue west on Saturday and Sunday, June 15 and 16, when games will be played between the Chicago and the champion baseball clubs composed of Duluth players. The affair is under the management of the Chicago Physical Culture club, and a picked team of prominent citizens of Duluth and Superior will be present.

At 3 o'clock yesterday the large

crowds at the ball park at Thirty-first avenue west on Saturday and Sunday, June 15 and 16, when games will be played between the Chicago and the champion baseball clubs composed of Duluth players. The affair is under the management of the Chicago Physical Culture club, and a picked team of prominent citizens of Duluth and Superior will be present.

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5 O'CLOCK  
EDITION.

## DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK  
EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1895.

Simon Clark

GROCERY COMPANY.

CASH GROCERS,

118-120 West Superior Street.

TEAS.

We strongly recommend our Ion Teas. They are composed of youngest and smallest leaves of Tea Plant carefully prepared full of Golden Tips, the present whole tea leaves being of fine quality. We handle the following well known brands: B. Moonsoon, Arian and Liptons Arian brand we can with entire confidence recommend as the best Ion Tea ever sold on this market at the price:

55¢ per lb.

No. 3 No. 2 No. 1

Liptons Teas... 35¢ 50¢ 60¢

Mooonsoon per lb..... 55¢

Bulk Ceylon, very fine Tea, per lb..... 50¢

Our 35¢ English Breakfast Tea is a marvel of value.

Our 35¢ 3 lbs for \$1.00—uncolored Japan Tea we are satisfied will please.

Our 25¢ per lb Japan Tea is good quality and is much appreciated by economical people; we recommend it as a good all around Tea.

Oolongs, Gunpowder, Young Hysons, of finest quality at rock bottom prices.

TEA DUST—A good one. Saturday, per lb, only..... 7¢

Minnesota Vegetables  
FULL CARLOAD!

Spinach, per peck..... 10¢

Green Peas, per quart..... 5¢

Wax Beans, per quart..... 5¢

Green Beans, per quart..... 5¢

Curly Lettuce, 1 heads..... 5¢

Radishes, large and fancy, per dozen..... 5¢

Cauliflower, each..... 10¢

Asparagus, per bunch..... 5¢

Water Cress, Mint and Parsley, Florida Tomatoes, per lb..... 10¢

Strawberries, Cherries, Oranges, Bananas at lowest mark prices.

Finest quality Dairy Butter, per lb, 15¢, in jars per lb..... 13¢

Imperial Creamery Butter, per lb..... 18¢

Gallons Cans Apples, Saturday, per can only..... 20¢

Olives, Glass, 2 bottles..... 25¢

Pickles in Glass, full assortment, per bottle..... 7¢

Powdered Starch, 10c packets for..... 5¢

All our High Class Canned Goods, including I. H. F. Brand Canned Fruits at sweeping reductions in price. Now is the time to stock up in strictly first quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables prices are lower than the Goods can be packed for.

Meat Market Dept.

You will find the very choicest of meats. On Saturday we will have several specialties, including

Fresh Trout, Lobsters, Shad, White Fish.

Home Fed Mutton Legs..... 12 1/2¢

Spring Lamb..... 15¢

Sirloin Steaks, Saturday only..... 12 1/2¢

Round Steaks, Saturday only..... 12 1/2¢

Lean Boiled Meat..... 5¢ 6¢

Beef Roast, rolled..... 12 1/2¢

Mutton Chops..... 10¢

Pork Chops..... 10¢

Legs of Lamb..... 15¢

Shoulders of Lamb..... 12 1/2¢

Fancy Veal Roasts..... 12 1/2¢

Fancy Pot Roasts..... 8¢

SPECIAL PRICES TO LARGE BUYERS.

Tomorrow will be a big day in our Baking department. Dozens of new prices on candies, cookies and fine cakes. Finest assortment in the city. Try our Strawberry Short Cake.

Cookies, all kinds, per doz..... 7¢

6 large loaves home-made bread..... 25¢

Large Pies, 3 for..... 25¢

Doughnuts, 3¢ doz for..... 25¢

Honey, all kinds, per doz..... 10¢

Sponge and Wine Cakes, each..... 10¢

Fine Coffee Cakes, each..... 10¢

3 1/2¢ packages Gum for..... 10¢

Finest Chocolate Creams, per lb..... 8¢

Bon Ton mixed Candy, tomorrow only..... 7¢

Ice Cream Soda, Pure Crushed Fruit Flavors..... 5¢

Prompt Delivery—Glen Avon, Lakeside, Lester Park, 3 p. m. Saturdays.

SIMON CLARK

GROCERY CO.

118 and 120 West Superior Street.

A Duluth's Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.

The BIG DULUTH

Established in 1881.

STORE OPEN TOMORROW NIGHT TILL 10:30.

The Hit of Your Life Here TOMORROW!

Expect more than your ever got before, your fondest hopes will be more than realized

100 all wool fine Clay Worsted Suits for.....

150 all wool fine black and blue Serge Suits for.....

100 all wool blue Flannel Suits for.....

200 all wool beautiful light colored Suits for.....

500 all wool Suits, worth \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00, selling at.....

\$10  
\$7.50

Boys' Sailor Suits, beauties at—

\$1.25, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$5.00

Boys' Washable Suits, fast color ones at—

\$1, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50, \$3.50

Boys' Zouave Suits, the fashionable kind, at—

\$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00

Boys' Combination Suits with extra Pants and Yacht Cap to match Suit, the \$4.00 kind, here Tomorrow for—

\$2.95

Cover Your Upper Story Here Tomorrow!

SHORT POCKET BOOKS WILL GO A LONG WAY.

New and exclusive Styles in Men's and Boys' Straw Hats.

THIS STYLE \$1.48 TOMORROW.

Choices tomorrow of 200 Men's Plan Derby Hats in blacks and beautiful browns, at \$2.50, \$3.00—\$4.00.

THIS STYLE 98¢ TOMORROW.

Choices tomorrow of 15 dozen Men's splendid Fedoras Hats in blacks and browns at \$2—\$2.50.

THIS STYLE 50¢ TOMORROW.

Choices tomorrow of 20 dozen Men's Fine Blue Yachting Caps at \$2.50 and \$3.00.

THIS STYLE 25¢ TOMORROW.

Choices tomorrow of 20 dozen Men's Fine Blue Yachting Caps at \$2.50 for 25¢.

Do you wear Shoes?

Buy Men's and Boys' Shoes here tomorrow where you can save from 50¢ to \$1.50 a pair on them.

Men's Fine Calf Shoes in lace and congress, worth \$3.00, tomorrow.....

Boys' solid School Shoes, the \$1.50 kind here for.

Children's fine Spring heel shoes at.....

The regular Shoe store \$1.50 quality.

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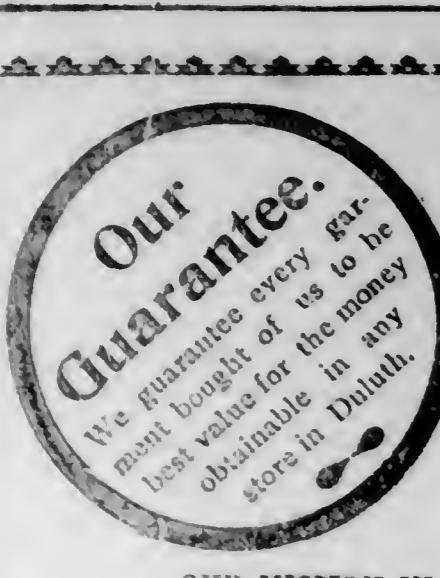












We MANUFACTURE CLOTHING AND SELL AT RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

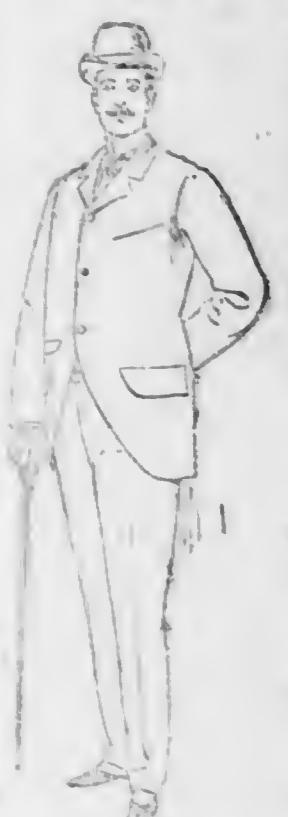
OUR MISSION IN LIFE IS TO FIT YOU OUT FROM THE CROWN OF YOUR HEAD TO THE SOLE OF YOUR FOOT.

## Advertising, , , , ,

When backed up by actual facts, truth, exceptionally good and honest values, always brings a crowded store. We'll be very, very busy—

Tomorrow, Saturday....

### MEN'S SUITS. 1st Floor.



We offer for no particular trade, but with our immense and perfectly selected stock, we are sure to be successful. The sturdy sons of toil will find the suits as carefully looked after here as those of the man who's millions.

#### Workingmen's Suits...

100 Men's good working Suits, dark brown, size 38, worth \$8, to morrow only.

**\$3.48**

Man, Come With High Expectations: Tomorrow. There Are Thousands of Suits Here and They're Going to be Sold Cheap.

**\$6**

25 Grey and Brown, all sizes, made up as honest as well, having never been selected, good value \$10. Tomorrow now take 'em at.

**\$7.00**

### Hat Dept. First Floor, Left Aisle.



100 Men's black and brown Straw Hats, latest styles, all for stock and all the savings, \$3 to \$10. our price.

**\$1.90**

#### Men's Straw Hats.

Such a line as we have this season is a happy surprise to the men of Duluth. Nothing like it was ever seen before. These styles have only been seen outside of New York and Boston fashion centers. Prices

**50c, 75c, and \$1.00**

#### Vacht Caps.

Each style, every color, loud, subdued and solid.

#### SPECIAL TOMORROW—

100 dozen men's Yacht Caps, perfectly made, blue, white, grey, marlins, and plain blues, worth 75c. each.

We are sole agents for

Yeomen's Celebrated New York Hats....

**48c**

#### Boys' and Children's Straw Hats--

Mother, is there anything so comfortable and economical for your boys wear as Washable Suits?

100 Wash Suits, next Brown and White Stripes, sizes 3 to 10 years, regular price \$1.50, tomorrow only.

**79c**

50 Blue Stripe Wash Suits, with solid blue deep sailor collar and cuffs, and whistle with every suit, good value at \$2.00. Tomorrow....

**\$1.25**

FREE TO BOYS—BALL AND BAT WITH EVERY SUIT.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

### MEN'S SUITS. 1st Floor.

Rich things are piled all round higher than your head, for cutters and tailors, please and satisfy everybody. The sturdy sons of toil will find the suits as carefully looked after here as those of the man who's millions.

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100 Men's good working Suits, dark brown, size 38, worth \$8, to morrow only.

**\$3.48**

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**\$6**

25 Grey and Brown, all sizes, made up as honest as well, having never been selected, good value \$10. Tomorrow now take 'em at.

**\$7.00**

### Hat Dept. First Floor, Right Aisle.

Men's Furnishing.

**\$2.50**

Men's SWEATERS—

Men's High Grade Thread Pina Worsted SWEATERS—various materials, navy blue, tan and black, and fashioned throughout and worth \$1—our price.

Men's SWEATERS—

Fine Bibbed Egyptian Cotton SWEATERS, with matching colors and corded edges, all well worth \$1.00. Our price

**50c**

Men's HOSIERY—

100 dec. Blk & 1/2 dec. Hermelot dyed, spliced heel & toe, the kind that always sell for \$25, tomorrow two for.

**25c**

Men's TROUSERS. First Floor.

**\$2.00**

200 styles Men's Spring TROUSERS, very dressy Cheviots and Worsted, kind you can't find in any store here. **\$3.00**

200 pairs Iridescent Worsted, in neat stripes, in blue, black and mixed; made in 100 never sold for less than \$5, now \$2.50.

**\$5.00**

We are sole agents for

KING'S CELEBRATED TROUSERS,

**\$6, \$7 and \$8.**

Mother, is there anything so comfortable and economical for your boys wear as Washable Suits?

100 Wash Suits, next Brown and White Stripes, sizes 3 to 10 years, regular price \$1.50, tomorrow only.

**79c**

50 Blue Stripe Wash Suits, with solid blue deep sailor collar and cuffs, and whistle with every suit, good value at \$2.00. Tomorrow....

**\$1.25**

BOYS' STRAW HATS—

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$2, \$3.

50 dozen Boys' Yachting Caps—

**25c**

25 dozen Boys' Fancy Hoses—

**25c**

50 dozen Boys' Knee Pant—

**25c**

50 dozen Boys' Wash Suits, with solid blue deep sailor collar and cuffs, and whistle with every suit, good value at \$2.00. Tomorrow....

**75c**

25 dozen Boys' Fancy Hoses—

**25c**

50 dozen Boys' Knee Pant—

**25c**

50 dozen Boys' Wash Suits, with solid blue deep sailor collar and cuffs, and whistle with every suit, good value at \$2.00. Tomorrow....

**75c**

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# SOCIETY

McLaren-Knox Wedding Was the Society Event of the Week.

Assembly Party Last Evening at Masonic Temple Delightful Affair.

Bagley-Cowen Wedding on Tuesday--Musical and Other Events.

One of the very fashionable weddings of the season is over and now all society will be looking forward to the two or three yet to come. The McLaren-Knox wedding was one of the most charming and brilliant Duluth has seen. Then there was the Bagley-Cowen wedding at West Duluth. This was a home wedding and therefore had not quite the same interest for society. Last evening the assembly gave another of its charming dancing parties. During the summer there are exercises on the Nautilus will be given. On Wednesday evening the commencement exercises of Hardy Hall will be held.

The most fashionable wedding which Duluth has known during this season, at least, was Tuesday evening's affair, when Rev. T. M. Price, son of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. John Fink McLaren, and one of Duluth's well-known society young ladies and Renwick B. R. R. were married. In marriage the ceremony was performed at St. Paul's Episcopal church by Bishop McLaren, of Chicago, uncle of the bride.

The wedding was a most beautiful one and was very charmingly carried out. The scene at the church defies description. Inside the chancel rail was a profuse mass of green and white. Potted plants, palms, ferns, and beautiful flowers were banked most artistically. Upon each altar a great bunch of white roses and at each poor boy's eyes a bunch of white lilies. White ribbon was strung in profusion and in every way the decorations were charming. The recesses at the church were very largely in evening dress and the entire scene was harmonious and pleasing.

As the hour of the ceremony arrived, Mrs. L. A. Marvin, who presided at the organ, began to play Wely's "Offerary" in which was played, and then as the bridal party entered, the strains of the magnifico march from "Athalia," by Mendelssohn, were heard. Bishop McLaren and Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Ryan entered the church from the vestry, and at the same moment Helen Whitehaw and Barbara Rupke, who were in charge of the organ, walked down the aisle with the bride and her father. The bridal party then moved up the

was liberally decked. The honeymoon will be spent in the East. Upon their return Mr. and Mrs. Knox will occupy a home at 1320 East Superior street.

The Assembly party last evening at Masonic temple was the last to be given this year. The room in which the club has given it is a trifling warm for dancing but young people never mind that and they danced merrily for the entire evening. Refreshments were served and Hoare's orchestra played. The party was chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. F. Huntress, Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Drury, Mr. and Mrs. Stocker and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Silvey. Among those present were:

Misses Bill, Constock, Graft, McLaren, Watson, Morrison, McFadden, of Ashland; Morris, Nolling, Dodge, LaVaque, Anna Dickinson, McDougal, Brerdy, Poirier, Stevens, Crowley, Fink, Fink, Clara, Ruth, Jerome, Julia, Chaplin, Hartman, Clark, Anna, Frazar, McDonald, Phillips, Avery, Collins, Bradley.

Messrs. Frank Leach, Phillips, D. McLaren, Wilkinson, Hunter, McKinley, Stearns, Hartman, Stocking, N. Leach, Walbank, McDonald, Parker, Mattocks, McDougal, M. Peyton, Bywater, H. Peyton, Potter of West Superior;

on East Superior street, last Saturday evening was a fine success, about 200 guests being present. The program was given under Mrs. Stocker's direction and was smoothly and excellently rendered.

Art. G. Drake gave the first of a series of organ recitals at Pilgrim Congregational church last evening before an audience whose size was by no means to be compared with the real enthusiasm and warmth of applause were worthy of a much larger house.

Mr. Drake has so masterfully rendered that he has a marvellous control over the tones of the pipe organ, and last night he showed the beauty, grace and feeling of his performance on that instrument. Five numbers in a program of eight were given to him, and the range of themes gave him opportunity to show a wide range of his abilities. In each case his interpretation of the theme and its execution were superb.

The numbers rendered by Mr. Drake were Smart's festal march, Mr. D. Verdi's "Ave Maria," Batiste's "Commemoration," G. Buck's overture "Stratton's Glorified," Schubert's "Requiesce," and a superb fantasia themes from "Tannhauser." Miss Re-

done of Mr. and Mrs. Candeo will be in Cairo, Ill.

Miss Elizabeth Stephen and Edgar W. Hopkins were married Saturday evening at the residence of the bride's uncle, J. S. Wilson, of No. 1928 Sixtieth avenue west, by Rev. Joseph Heard. A few near relatives only were present. The newly married couple will be at home to their friends at No. 616 Sargent avenue.

On Wednesday evening D. B. Smith, manager, at ten Mrs. J. T. McWilliams and Mrs. McGribben, of St. Paul, Mrs. Bangs and Mrs. Moore,

Maurice and Antoinette d'Autremont left yesterday for Angles, N. Y., where they will spend the summer with their grandmother.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

Mrs. Stena Haroldson, of Carlton, is visiting her son, Charles Wallner.

Mrs. Frank and wife, Fred, Wednesday from Dubuque, Iowa, and will make their home here in the future.

Mrs. J. W. Cowles and daughter Beulah, of Duluth, were here Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Murray has returned from Anchorage, Mon.

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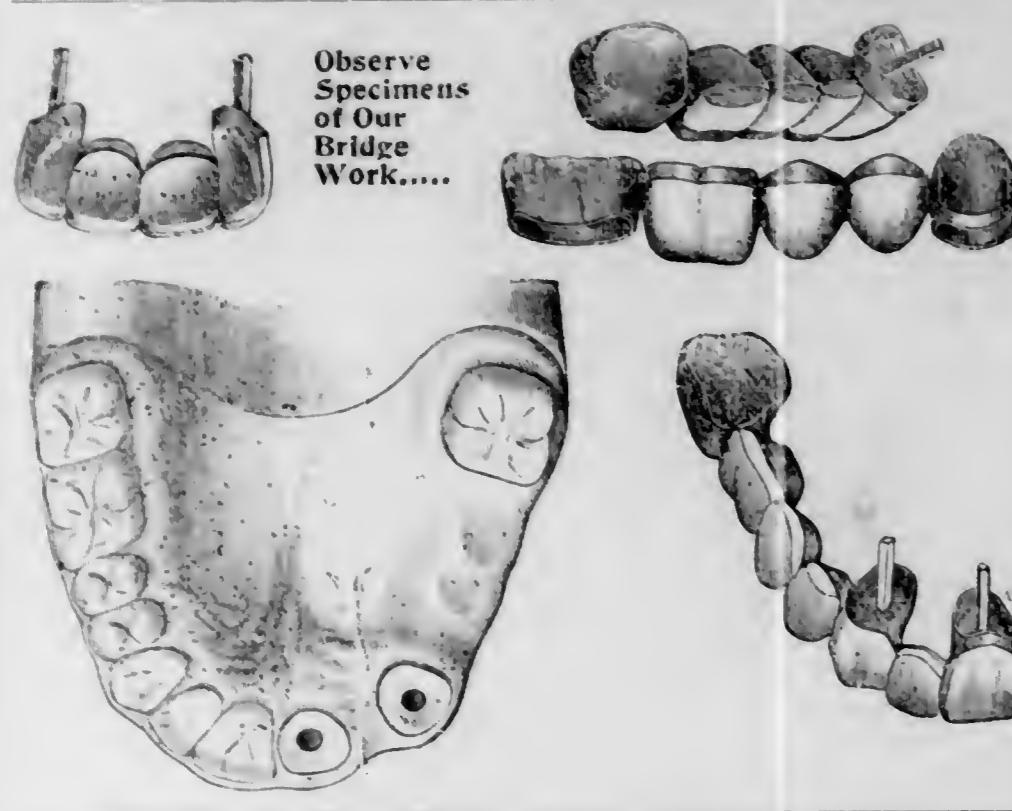
## Cullum, Dentist,

Top Floor of Palladio Building.

S. S. White or Züstis Teeth which we guarantee the best that money can buy:

Per Set on Rubber.	\$8.00
Black Rubber.	\$10.00
Aluminum.	\$15.00
Gold.	\$12.00
Weighted Plates for Lower.	\$12.00
Special for Hollow Chucks.	\$10.00
Gold Plates.	\$10.00
<b>\$30.00 to \$40.00</b>	

If any reliable dentist says that this work is not as represented we will make you a solid gold plate FREE OF CHARGE. To anyone bringing this ad. and having \$10 worth of the above work done in thirty days we will deduct \$1 from charges.



### PAINLESS FILLING.

A good insurance man with materials foresight will be very slow to advertise a fraud or seek to deceive his patrons. We challenge anyone in Duluth to point out where this office has ever advertised to do what we did not do more religiously. Now we submit this statement: We can fill the most sensitive tooth you may have, and do it in a simple, quick, safe and painless way. When specially requested it is easy, simple and less expensive. It is not as reliable as or permanent as work done in the regular manner and we can only advise it for temporary purposes, where it answers very well.

## Cullum, Dentist,

Top Floor Palladio Building.

## Top Goods.



**STUDEBAKER**  
WAGONS. CARRIAGES. HARNESS.  
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### BOTTOM PRICES.

**M. W. TURNER, Duluth Agent,**  
416-418 East Superior Street.

## The Bread Contest

The number of competitors for our bread prizes was largely in excess of our calculations, and we were not prepared to take in and make ready for the judges 500 loaves of bread.

This is the reason why the doors were closed promptly at one o'clock and no bread received for competition after that time.

Although it had been advertised in the papers that the bread must be in by one o'clock, we would not have insisted so strongly on that point if there had not been so many entries. As it was, it was after three o'clock before the names were all entered, the bread numbered and ready for the judges. This materially reduced the time the judges had at their disposal in making their selections of the prize winners, and while we believe they made their awards impartially and as fairly as the limited time would permit, at the same time, if they could have devoted two hours more to their inspection, the result might have been somewhat different. On that account and because a good many were disappointed in not having their bread in on time, we have decided to repeat the contest at an early date.

## Duluth Imperial Mill Co.

HALF RATE EXCURSION  
Tuesdays June 11, via Park Point Duluth railroad, to South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Kansas City, Colorado, Denver, Pueblo, Cheyenne, Wyoming, Lake, Idaho, Texas, Arkansas and many other points. Correct information city ticket office, 201 Superior street, corner Palladio building. F. B. Ross, Agent.

NO. Pass. Agent.

THREE DAYS TO RAINY LAKE.  
Take steamer Huron R. D. from, leaving Duluth every Friday at 10 a.m.

For Rent....

Beginning June 1.

An 8-room Modern House—All Conveniences, nicest location in the City, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to  
Wm. E. LUCAS,  
Exchange Building.

The largest stock of pianos at Coons.

### Receiver Ryan Reversed.

For the first time Receiver Ryan has had a decision reversed. Assistant Commissioner Clegg, of the U. S. Court, in the case of Thomas Dunphy, the timber and stone claimant against Andrew P. Johnson, pre-emption claimant, received Ryan held for the pre-emption claimants that the timber and stone claimants had not shown sufficient evidence to support their claim as to the timber and stone claimants.

The commission, the witness said the company had all the money it could get from banks before borrowing.

The argument of this point occupied more than an hour. Judge Elmer will pass on the question when it comes up.

The reading of Charles L. Colby's deposition began last evening as the proceedings were to be the trial of the Spanish-American company from its organization up to the summer of 1884. He said it was found necessary to raise \$150,000 to pay for improvements.

Colby also made a basis for the issue to Mr. Rockefeller of bonds.

Judge Shaw said the measure of damages under the ruling of the court could only be determined after the valuations were made.

Mr. Rockefeller, the witness said, had no voice in the management of the company and did not have a majority of the stock.

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## DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA  
HISTORICAL  
SOCIETY.

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1895.

## FAVOR BIMETALLISM

Interviews With Many Citizens of Duluth Disclose the Fact That the Great Majority Are in Favor of a Bimetallic Policy.

Almost Without an Exception Those Who Talked on the Subject Expressed an Opinion in Favor of the Remonetization of Silver.

The Financial Views Recently Expressed in a Letter to a St. Paul Paper by Congressman Charles A. Towne Receive Very General Endorsement.

Below will be found a series of interviews with well known citizens of Duluth upon the financial question. They may be regarded as fairly representative of the predominant sentiment in the community upon this question. Many more interviews of the same character could have been secured, if time had permitted, because the great majority of the people of Duluth are earnestly in favor of bimetallism and strongly endorse Congressman Towne's recent letter upon this question. It will be noted that both Republicans and Democrats are quoted, although the greater proportion of those interviewed were Republicans, it being the Herald's desire to learn to what extent Mr. Towne's views were endorsed by the members of the party to which he belongs. Although it was aware that the strength in favor of bimetallism is strong, it was hardly prepared to find that popular opinion ran so strongly in that direction.

C. T. HIGGINS (DEM.)

Capt. H. T. Higgins, believe that the United States should establish and maintain a financial policy of her own, independent of any and all from the rest of the world. He believes that if congress is to act, it should enact laws that would open our minds to the use of both gold and silver, and further, to establish and maintain the issue of a national currency based upon the gold standard, and independent of other nations, and result in the prosperity claimed by him.

C. E. McKEE (DEM.)—I am a decided silverite, and I shall vote for a man for president who is favorable to free coinage. I have just returned from Boston, and while there I met a man from the East, and he told me that he believed in silver, and I think Mr. Towne has put it about right.

C. C. CHURCH—Congressman Towne views the views exactly and I have nothing to add.

Ex-Governor Andrew H. Burke

It is a weighty question to be lightly set aside, and not yet solved the problem an would prefer not to express any opinion. I believe, however, that silver should have a proper representation.

Mayor Lowe—I do not think the United States should attempt to establish unlimited silver coinage. There must be a limit.

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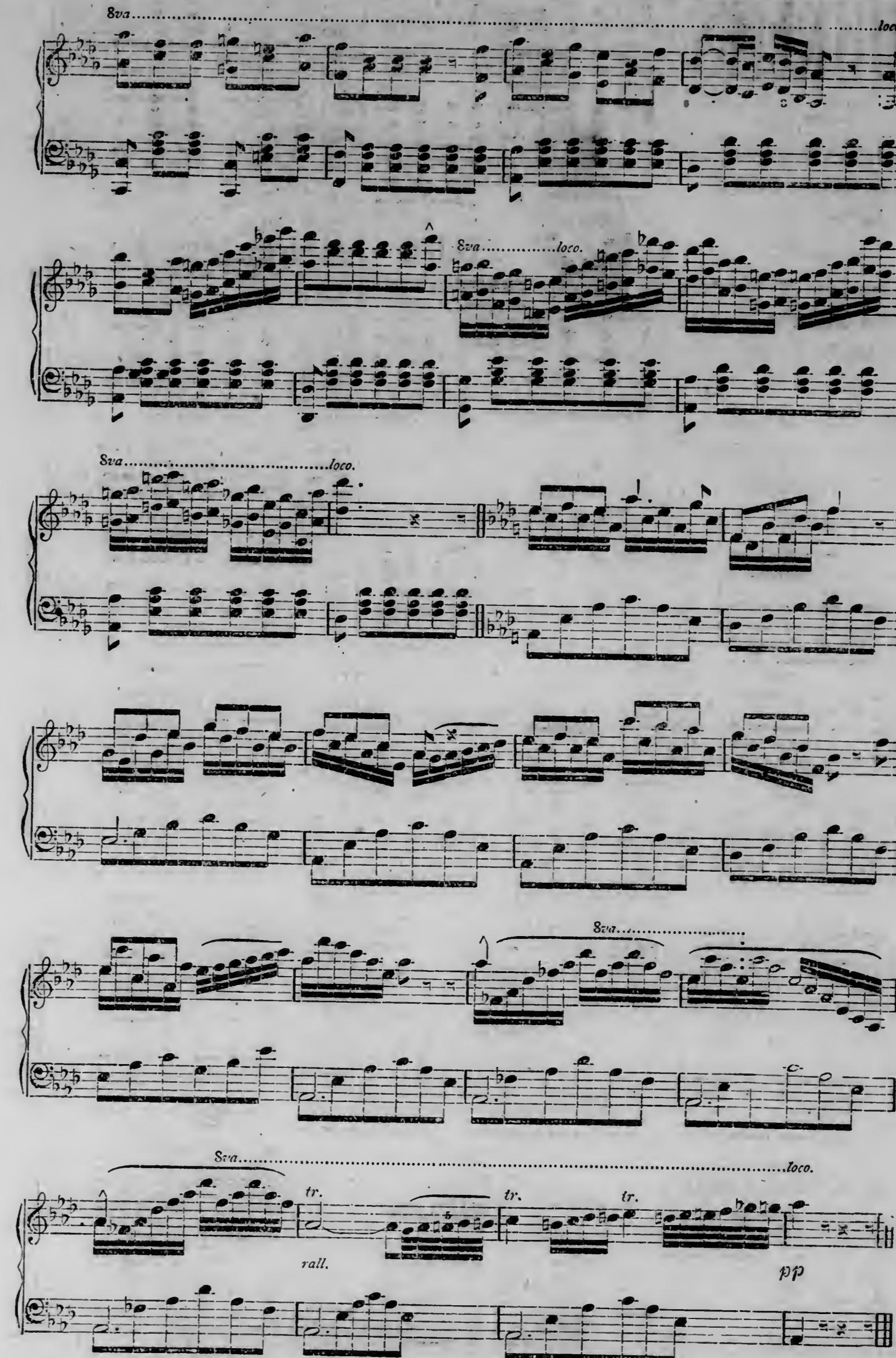
## SPRING IS COMING.

By J. HENRY YOUNG.



(2 pp.)

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Spring is Coming.—3.

## SPORTING

Amateur Baseball Circuit  
Formed and Duluth is  
in It.First Game of Series This  
Afternoon Between Du-  
luth and Stillwater.Jimmy Murphy Issues a  
Challenge to Meet Any  
Lightweight.

A state league of amateur ball teams has been formed and the first game for the championship of the circuit is scheduled for this afternoon between Duluth and Stillwater. All the towns entered in the competition and the result of the series is not anywhere near a foregone conclusion, as several of the clubs already claim the title and with perhaps nearly equal justice.

The clubs in the circuit follow: Winona, St. Paul Pielets, St. Anthony Browns, Minneapolis, Brainerd, St. Cloud, Duluth, Chippewa Falls and Eau Claire. The two latter clubs are in Wisconsin, but they have joined the Minnesota league.

The games will consist of a single affair, and the less said of them the better. Stillwater has a strong team and the games with Duluth today and tomorrow are expected to be warm ones. Brainerd will play in Duluth June 22.

The Herald is in receipt of the following communication from Jimmy Murphy, a clever lightweight:

Duluth, Minn., June 4.—Now, having backed the extent of \$2000, I am ready to meet any lightweight in the country, bar none, either to row or to swim. I will give a test of not less than twenty rounds, either in private or before the club offering the largest purse within a month of time after signing of the articles.

Before leaving Minneapolis, two weeks ago, I understood Billy Edwards, of Minneapolis, was anxious to meet me. If he is in earnest this is his op-

portunity.

I would suggest St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth as a suitable place. There are recognized athletic clubs in these cities, offering reasonable purses for the rowing season.

I will deposit a forfeit in any Duluth bank when this challenge is accepted to show that I am in earnest.

Address me in care of sporting editor of The Herald.

Yours, Jimmy Murphy.

The regular annual shoot of the Central Gun Club was held at Spirit Lake Saturday afternoon. The clay target shot, twenty-five birds at known angles for each man, resulted as follows:

Class A—Shell, 24; Bonchill, 22; Day, 21; Dodge, 19.

Class B—Moore, 20; Metcalf, 19; Kampe, 18; Pearson, 15.

Class C—Jones, 17; Smith, 11; Pastore, 11; Williams, 5.

For Huberg unknown angle medal, 10 to club members birds: Dodge, 12; Kampe, 12; Bonchill, Moore, Shell, Pearson, 10; each, Jones, 9; Moore, Day, 7; Williams, 3. Dodge won from Kampe on shootoff.

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For Huberg unknown angle medal, 10 to club members birds: Dodge, 12; Kampe, 12; Bonchill, Moore

# WORKERS

The Electrical Workers Decide to Have a Dance Labor Day.

Reorganization of Painters Effected With Mr. Bradley as President.

Mass Meeting of Laboring Men on Saturday, June 22, Proposed.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of the electrical workers Thursday night at their hall in the Banning block. Routine matters only were discussed. A committee was appointed to make arrangements for a dance Labor Day evening. W. A. Waukeek and C. A. Almquist were appointed delegates to the convention of the State Federation of Labor June 23. A committee was appointed to draft resolutions of confidence with the widow of John W. Hart who was recently deceased.

The writers are agitating the question of holding an open meeting of waitresses with the object of forming a union of waitresses and waiters and ultimately affiliating with the Trades assembly. The meeting will be addressed by local speakers and a program of recitations, etc., will be presented.

A great deal more interest is being manifested in the regular and interesting discussions in regard to the way work is being done in the city and other questions are drawing a great deal of attention. The meeting will be addressed by local speakers and a program of recitations, etc., will be presented.

The painters reorganized last night with an attendance of twenty-seven at Electrical Workers' hall. Mr. Bradley was elected president, Mr. T. J. James, treasurer, and James Powers, secretary, and a new union. The meeting was addressed by Messrs. McCaldum, McDowell and Baker. A meeting to perfect the organization will be held Tuesday evening, time and place to be advertised.

Delegates to the convention of the State Federation of Labor were elected as follows: Cabinetmakers, Emil Applehagen; painters, Henry Dworkin, George Flinley, James McDonald; street car employees, E. C. Cobb, Nichols. Tailors, Charles President, Fred Schoening.

The glass and Associated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, lathers and machine woodworkers have perfected organizations and will affiliate with the assembly at the next meeting June 14. The committee will be appointed to make arrangements for Labor Day celebration and new officers will be elected at the meeting.

The longshoremen are all working and have plenty of work in sight and the tailors are continuing the fight against Carrington with persistency.

Plans are being laid for a monster mass meeting of laboring men Saturday, June 22, the night before the 4th of July. Address will be made by speakers from St. Paul and Minneapolis. The matter will come up at the assembly.

STATE FEDERATION. The state federation will meet in Duluth on Sunday, June 23, the meeting having been adjourned for two weeks, and as several important questions are to be discussed great interest is taken in the meeting. The gathering will be held in the council chamber. Eva McDonald-Vaish, in a recent article discussing this meeting said:

"The state federation is beginning to shape up as a sort of clearing house where all the local unions will be compared and balanced. The trade unions believe that the organization can do good work and they intent to make more than a passing reference to what has been for the past two years. They realize the difficulties in the way, but believe that they can be overcome. No trade union delegate will be allowed to speak that departs from that they are after the scalps of various and several people and intend to bring them back. The details will be given out at a meeting of the federation on the 14th of June. It is a pleasant city, it is so far away that many unions cannot afford to send a delegate. It would seem that the Twin Cities' Labor legislation will be reviewed at the meeting and provisions made for the enforcement of all the local laws we have seen. The Twin Cities' Labor legislation will be made to further the fraternal relations between the Trade and Labor Councils of the largest cities in the nation. The meeting will be opened a week or two because they think a larger attendance can be secured. The local people are anxious to have the new organization on the scene, on account of their local conditions."

It may be proper to remind Messrs. that the Minneapolis unions do not constitute the whole federation, and that Duluth is no farther from the Twin Cities than the twin cities are from each other, and so far as the distances from outside the three cities concerned Duluth is as accessible as either St. Paul or Minneapolis.

QUESTIONS OF THE DAY. In the June Harper's Hon. Seth Low discusses several phases of conditions under the title, "Some Questions of the Day." He asks the questions in an impartial manner. He points out the fact that, while in some directions, the individual conditions are not much better than ever before, in other ways he is being absorbed into organizations. The individual business man is giving up his independence and the single wage worker is being absorbed into the trade union. The writer suggests that this tendency toward organization need cause no alarm. It arises largely from

## A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from crampipes, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, for AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything.

Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure." —O. C. Davis, Waukeek, Wis.

The minute subdivision of labor, and the interdependence of the various parts upon each other, are the different manifestations of the same forces—the forces that emphasize the interdependence of society as against the individualizing forces of capitalism. The forces of society are, like the physical forces of the universe, that they operate according to fixed law. The problem is to both sides of the question, to make certain the laws of their operation. Until this is done the force that is waiting to be our servants, baffles, perplexes, troubles us. The method of both sides is to experiment and to case experiment and inquiry.

"It is clear that great mistakes have marked the progress toward the realization of the ideal. It would mean thirty-four of their members out of employment, made a vigorous protest, and by the assistance of Senator George F. Edmunds, drew a bill through the Senate, which was signed into law by the Governor. The bill provides that the minimum wage of all workers is not to be regarded, and, 2, the earnest purpose of the society is to ascertain the laws that govern the tendency toward the minimum wage. The article is written in a concise, clear fashion, and ought to interest those who keep up with current economies.

LABOR NOTATIONS. The Eight Hour Herald has been selected as the official organ of the Illinois state federation.

The state members will hold their annual convention at Chicago June 8.

The brewers of Chicago have agreed with the state in weekly scale of \$15 per week for each brewer.

The effect of labor on the introduction of new machinery is well illustrated in the report of the labor commission of New York. According to his estimate the number of men employed decreased 15 per cent by the introduction of the spinning machine makers, 50 per cent, of the shirtnmakers 33 per cent, printers 41 per cent, typefounders 40 per cent, silk ribbon weavers 40 per cent, and weavers 60 per cent, furniture makers 35 per cent.

WASHING STAR. Washington Star: "Mike," said P. J. Flinley, Peter who had been reading from a stray scrap of paper, "what does 'dermatitis' mean?"

Meandering Mike looked at the supercilious contempt of superior knowledge and replied: "Work."

MEN OF MARK. Lord Randolph Churchill declared that the late Sir Hermann Burke is reported to have said that more than half the crests and coats-of-arms found in England and America are fictitious.

The marquis of Devonshire is the wealthiest Irish peer, with a revenue of \$40,000 a year. His English estate is 25,000 acres, with a revenue of \$100,000 a year.

Alphonse Daudet will visit London next week.

Alphonse Daudet is already receiving invitations from hospitable Wimpfheimen and is expected to appear in public during his visit.

TWO LIVES SAVED. Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had only a few days to live, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completed her cure.

Thomas, 29, Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a disease of the heart and lungs, and was given up by the doctors.

Another of Little Willie, whom Dr. Maurier exploited in "Trilby," is supposed to be a famous painter and a brilliant artist, an account of whose life and works has just been published.

When taken into custody, parents struck him and he fled, and then Farbaut opens its doors for their reception.

In this connection it is well to add that the judges of the society every assistance in their power.

THE WEASEL FAMILY. Children have been found starved, beaten, hanging by their chains and subjected to every tortuous kind of inhumanity that could devise. Women have been kicked, beaten, assaulted and abused by their political masters. In India, Her Britannia has overthrown themselves from their assemblage, fired at a cloud of dust, through the center of the regiment, fanning at the mouth and with head down. The horse and rider dashed on through the smoke and the Yankee kept making way for them all the way down the line. Not a shot was fired until he had gotten on the horse and made himself as small as possible. His face was as pale as death. On went the animal toward the regiment, turning now to the right nor left, and closer and closer did the rider keep to the animal's body.

The Yankees saw the horse with its rider coming toward them and they were seized with consternation. Some of the soldiers ceased firing and looked excitedly at the half-maddened animal flying toward them. In a short time the regiment did not stop. The Federals almost fell upon each other in their efforts to get away from the horse's heels and a regular pandemonium took place in his saddle and pulling with all his might in a futile effort to stop his frightened horse. The animal was yellow in color and it must have taken him a long time to learn to stand and stay. The rider finally saw that he could not stop the animal and he made up his mind to make the best of his situation. He leaned forward, holding on to his saddle and almost touched his horse's neck and his hands clasped the bridle near the bit. Even the rider's ears seemed to make back. The animal was now in the saddle, holding his head as high as he could make himself as small as possible. His face was as pale as death. On went the animal toward the regiment, turning now to the right nor left, and closer and closer did the rider keep to the animal's body.

The great aim of the society is to protect children from such inhumanity. It is the object of the society to assist the assistance and protection of women. Every four weeks Officer Haskins visits the quarters of the demimonde, and so strict is his vigilance that any infringement of the law. Many young girls have been taken from the houses in just such cases. The horses turned out to shoot him down. He has conducted a crusade against the cigarette and tobacco trade, and has made many small contributions disposed of in the same way. The nine marten, a member of the weasel tribe, has a brown skin and yellow hair with white throat. They are larger than the stoat and more destructive. The other is the king weasel. He can eat anything of the size of a mouse.

Another thing to which the society pays particular attention is prohibiting the sale of liquor. For all these objects does Humane Henry plot about the world.

EDDIE BITTERS. This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special advertising. Electric Bitters slugs the same song of praise. A pure medicine does not exist.

The liver and kidneys will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will cure all diseases caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system, prevent all forms of headache, constipation and indigestion.

Electric Bitters, 100 per cent pure, or merely retailed. Price \$2.00 per bottle at Max Wirth's drug store.

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Bitters. It is a safeguard against an attack of bowel complaint during the summer months. It costs but 25 cents and is almost sure to be needed before the summer is over.

Striking out on all four of the New England P. & F. furnaces have been granted an advance and returned to work.

All of the New York clothing manufacturers have granted the Saturday half-holiday to the garment workers.

The plumbers and fitters of Racine, Wis., went on a strike. They demand

10 per cent reduction in wages.

Go by the book. Pills 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book free at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York.

Annual sales more than \$1,000,000.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, diarrhea, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

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